

10.2 Quadratic Functions

Today, we're introducing bx to the equations, and our vertex will not be on the y -axis.

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At any point in the graphing process, you can plot the y -intercept. If you know the y -intercept, and the axis of symmetry, you can reflect the y -intercept and now you'll have 3 points graphed.

The last thing to do is to pick another x -value that's not on the y -axis or the axis of symmetry. Count how far away it is from the vertex in the x direction, and plug it into ax^2 and move that far away from the vertex in the y -direction. Reflect that point over the axis of symmetry and you have the 5 points for the parabola.

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Finding the axis of symmetry and the vertex.

Use the formula $x = \frac{-b}{2a}$ to find the axis of symmetry.

Plug x into the quadratic equation to find the y -value of the vertex.

Try a few...

$$y = -x^2 - 6x + 9$$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{6}{2(1)} = \frac{6}{2} = 3$$

$$x = 3 \text{ is AoS}$$

$$y = 3^2 - 6(3) + 9$$

$$y = 9 - 18 + 9 = 0$$

$$(3, 0)$$

$$y = 2x^2 + 4x - 3$$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{-4}{2(2)} = \frac{-4}{4}$$

$$x = -1 \quad v: (-1, -5)$$

$$y = 2(-1)^2 + 4(-1) - 3$$

$$y = 2 \cdot 1 + 4(-1) - 3$$

$$y = 2 - 4 - 3$$

$$y = -5$$

$$y = -3x^2 + 6x + 5$$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{-6}{2(-3)} = \frac{-6}{-6} = 1$$

$$y = -3(1)^2 + 6(1) + 5$$

$$y = -3 + 6 + 5$$

$$y = 8$$

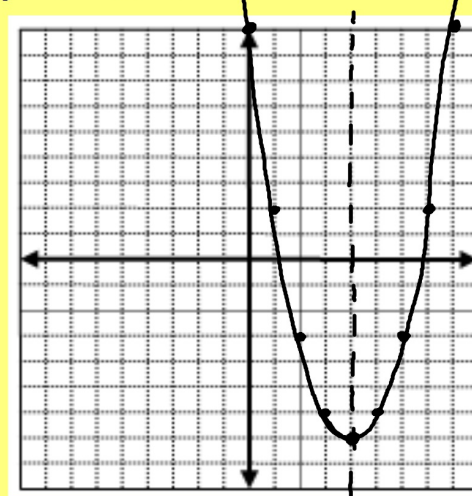
$$\text{AoS } x = 1$$

$$\text{Vertex } (1, 8)$$

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Try some...

$$y = x^2 - 8x + 9$$



$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{8}{2(1)} = \frac{8}{2} = 4$$

$$\text{AoS } x = 4$$

$$y = 4^2 - 8(4) + 9$$

$$y = 16 - 8(4) + 9$$

$$y = 16 - 32 + 9$$

$$y = -7$$

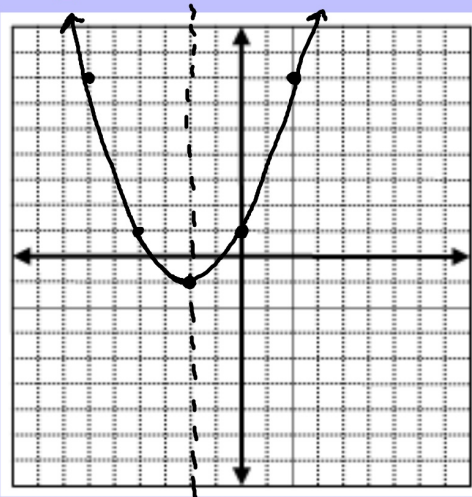
$$\text{Vertex } (4, -7)$$

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Try some...

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2x + 1$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(2)^2$$



$$x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$
$$x = \frac{-2}{2(\frac{1}{2})} = \frac{-2}{1} = -2$$

AoS $x = -2$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}(-2)^2 + 2(-2) + 1$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}(4) + 2(-2) + 1$$

$$y = 2 - 4 + 1$$

$$y = -1$$

vertex $(-2, -1)$

Suppose a firework follows the parabolic path of $h = -16t^2 + 72t + 520$. After all, what goes up must come down, right? What is the maximum height this firework will reach in the Fourth of July sky?

$$t = \frac{-b}{2a}$$
$$t = \frac{-72}{2(-16)} = \frac{-72}{-32} = 2.25$$
$$h = -16(2.25)^2 + 72(2.25) + 520$$
$$h = -81 + 162 + 520$$
$$601 \text{ ft}$$

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homework:

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